

## Schools: InBrief Mid-Year Census 2013

#### Centre for Education Statistics and Evaluation

InBrief summarises the results of the census of students in NSW government schools undertaken on Friday 2 August 2013, and the census of NSW non-government schools undertaken by the Australian Government Department of Education

#### **Mid-Year Census**

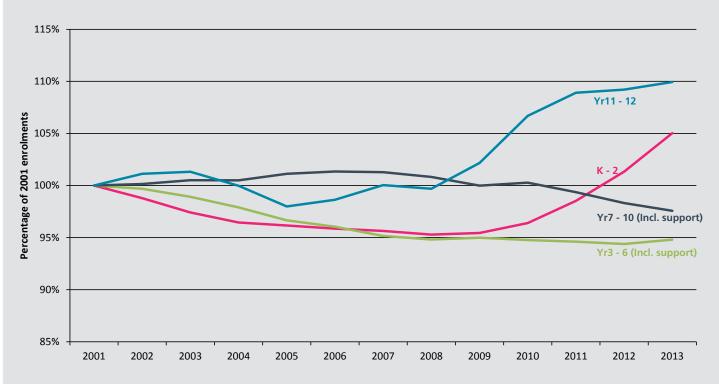
The Mid-year Census includes data on NSW Government schools (preschool, primary, secondary, central/community and special) and students (age at 1 July, grades, full time, part time, gender, and Aboriginality).

#### 2013 Enrolments (FTE)

Figure 1 shows government school enrolments as a proportion of 2001 total enrolments. Since 2008 enrolments in Years 11 and 12 have been rising and now represent 110 per cent of 2001 enrolments. This is largely due to the raising of the school leaving age in 2010.

#### Figure 1

#### NSW government school enrolments (FTE) as a proportion of total 2001 enrolments (FTE) by grade groups



#### 2013 InBrief Summary

#### NSW government

#### Full-time equivalent (FTE) enrolments

Total enrolments	755,345.6
SSP enrolments	5,064
Secondary enrolments	303,433.6
Primary enrolments	446,848.0

#### **Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander students**

Total Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander enrolments	49,308.4
Per cent Aboriginal & Torres Strait Islander enrolments	6.5%

#### Part-time students (Year 11 and 12 only)

Number of part-time students	2,292
FTE enrolments	1,351.6
Preschool students	
Number of preschool students	4,433
FTE enrolments	2.371.1

#### NSW non-government

#### Full-time equivalent (FTE) enrolments

Primary enrolments	198,397.0
Secondary enrolments	200,416.3
Total enrolments	398,813.3

#### **NSW government schools**

Primary schools	1,600
Separate infants schools	17
Central/community schools	67
Secondary schools	398
Schools for specific purposes (SSP)	113
Environmental education centres (EEC)	23
Total government schools	2,218
Preschools attached to primary/infants schools	99
Separate preschools	1
Total preschools	100

# NSW non-government schoolsPrimary schools489Secondary schools145Primary/secondary schools238Special schools45Total non-government schools917

Kindergarten to Year 2 enrolments have also risen markedly since 2009 and now represent 105 per cent of 2001 enrolments. These additional enrolments are the result of demographic changes, with larger numbers of children born in NSW since 2005.

In 2013, the proportion of Year 3 to Year 6 and Year 7 to Year 10 were both under 100 per cent of 2001 enrolments. While demographic changes account for some of the reduction in Year 3 to Year 6, the recent decline in Year 7 to Year 10 enrolments at government schools was not evident in non-government schools.

The total number of full-time equivalent students in NSW government schools increased by 7,111.5 or 1.9 per cent, from 748,234.1 in 2012 to 755,345.6 in 2013. This is the fifth year in a row that government enrolments have increased after a sustained downward trend between 1998 and 2008 and is the biggest increase over the last two decades.

Primary enrolment increased by 8,167 in 2013, nearly double the increase of 4,808 enrolments in 2012. In contrast secondary enrolments continued to decline, decreasing by 1,198 in 2013.

Enrolments in NSW government schools are affected by a number of factors, including the population of school age, the participation rate and the enrolment share between government and non-government schools. For students of school age (5 to 17 inclusive) the participation rate is close to 100 per cent, however after this age it declines noticeably.

#### Table 1

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Enrolments (FTE) in NSW government schools, 1993-2013

Year	Primary	Secondary	SSP	Total
1993	445,238	308,909.2	3,901	758,048.2
1994	445,599	306,716.6	3,798	756,113.6
1995	446,722	305,395.6	3,789	755,906.6
1996	450,465	306,823.3	3,749	761,037.3
1997	451,560	308,922.7	3,690	764,172.7
1998	452,565	309,136.7	3,673	765,374.7
1999	453,454	308,116.1	3,762	765,332.1
2000	454,363	303,681.1	3,792	761,836.1
2001	451,096	301,771.4	3,873	756,740.4
2002	447,897	302,988.0	3,915	754,800.0
2003	443,213	304,034.0	3,938	751,185.0
2004	438,677	302,849.6	3,981	745,507.6
2005	434,876	302,578.3	4,124	741,578.3
2006	432,660	303,622.0	4,133	740,415.0
2007	429,900	304,457.7	4,278	738,635.7
2008	428,331	303,055.7	4,392	735,778.7
2009	429,000	303,180.7	4,466	736,646.7
2010	430,177	307,291.2	4,673	742,141.2
2011	433,873	306,893.2	4,774	745,540.2
2012	438,681	304,632.1	4,921	748,234.1
2013	446,848	303,433.6	5,064	755,345.6

**Notes:** Since 1993 some students have enrolled part-time. All enrolments are reported in full-time equivalent units (FTEs) and include full-time and part-time students.

#### Table 2

Enrolments (FTE) by ABS statistical area and grade groups in NSW government schools, mid-year 2013

Statistical Area 4	K-2	Yr3-6	Primary Total	Yr7-10	Yr11-12	Secondary Total	SSP	Statistical Area Total	% of NSW
Syd - Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	6,750	8,561	15,311	7,034	3,015.7	10,049.7	99	25,459.7	3.4%
Syd - Blacktown	10,272	12,619	22,891	9,302	3,417.5	12,719.5	457	36,067.5	4.8%
Syd - City and Inner South	4,131	4,137	8,268	3,410	2,056.8	5,466.8	52	13,786.8	1.8%
Syd - Eastern Suburbs	4,698	4,513	9,211	3,698	1,820.1	5,518.1	94	14,823.1	2.0%
Syd - Inner South West	13,814	16,747	30,561	12,517	5,922.3	18,439.3	498	49,498.3	6.6%
Syd - Inner West	6,528	7,055	13,583	6,406	2,606.1	9,012.1	189	22,784.1	3.0%
Syd - North Sydney and Hornsby	11,031	12,268	23,299	8,272	4,258.7	12,530.7	186	36,015.7	4.8%
Syd - Northern Beaches	8,150	8,878	17,028	5,518	2,788.6	8,306.6	120	25,454.6	3.4%
Syd - Outer South West	8,532	10,767	19,299	9,992	3,725.1	13,717.1	427	33,443.1	4.4%
Syd - Outer West and Blue Mountains	9,000	11,100	20,100	9,972	4,418.3	14,390.3	217	34,707.3	4.6%
Syd - Parramatta	11,715	13,268	24,983	10,340	4,651.6	14,991.6	500	40,474.6	5.4%
Syd - Ryde	4,859	5,539	10,398	4,447	2,245.0	6,692.0	88	17,178.0	2.3%
Syd - South West	11,790	15,541	27,331	14,436	6,423.3	20,859.3	244	48,434.3	6.4%
Syd - Sutherland	6,341	7,707	14,048	7,941	3,378.7	11,319.7	137	25,504.7	3.4%
Sydney Total	117,611	138,700	256,311	113,285	50,727.8	164,012.8	3,308	423,631.8	56.3%
Capital Region	5,799	7,272	13,071	6,790	2,318.0	9,108.0	57	22,236.0	2.9%
Central Coast	9,489	12,250	21,739	11,856	4,528.6	16,384.6	322	38,445.6	5.1%
Central West	6,075	7,485	13,560	7,252	2,613.6	9,865.6	209	23,634.6	3.1%
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	3,787	4,969	8,756	5,174	2,036.3	7,210.3	45	16,011.3	2.1%
Far West and Orana	3,665	4,638	8,303	4,788	1,561.3	6,349.3	38	14,690.3	1.9%
Hunter Valley exc Newcastle	8,307	10,050	18,357	8,793	2,746.9	11,539.9	57	29,953.9	4.0%
Illawarra	8,186	10,561	18,747	9,475	3,670.4	13,145.4	184	32,076.4	4.2%
Mid North Coast	5,385	7,312	12,697	7,327	2,703.2	10,030.2	0	22,727.2	3.0%
Murray	3,035	3,848	6,883	3,816	1,373.2	5,189.2	78	12,150.2	1.6%
New England and North West	5,723	6,946	12,669	6,761	2,422.1	9,183.1	109	21,961.1	2.9%
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	9,917	12,182	22,099	12,650	4,530.7	17,180.7	293	39,572.7	5.2%
Richmond - Tweed	6,217	7,788	14,005	7,718	3,081.5	10,799.5	65	24,869.5	3.3%
Riverina	4,576	5,768	10,344	5,445	1,821.9	7,266.9	190	17,800.9	2.4%
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	4,014	5,293	9,307	4,560	1,608.1	6,168.1	109	15,584.1	2.1%
Rest of NSW	84,175	106,362	190,537	102,405	37,015.8	139,420.8	1,756	331,713.8	43.9%
NSW	201,786	245,062	446,848	215,690	87,743.6	303,433.6	5,064	755,345.6	100%

#### Notes:

• Students in Distance Education and Opportunity Classes (OC) are included with their appropriate grade levels.

• 2013 represents a transition year from the DEC regional structure to the new principal networks. From 2013 onwards aggregate geographical data will be reported by ABS statistical area 4 (refer to the maps on the next page).

• Primary support students are included in Year 3 to 6. Secondary support students are included in Year 7 to 10.

The largest increases in enrolments were in Year 1 and Year 2. Year 1 enrolments rose by 4.1 per cent from 64,771 students in 2012 to 67,450 in 2013 while Year 2 enrolments rose by 4.3 per cent from 62,020 students in 2012 to 64,666 in 2013. Kindergarten enrolments increased by 2.6 per cent, following rises of 0.9 per cent in 2010, 3.9 per cent in 2011 and 3.5 per cent in 2012. The large Year 1 and Year 2 increase is mainly due to the progression of the large increases of Kindergarten enrolments during 2011 and 2012.

#### Enrolments (FTE) by statistical area

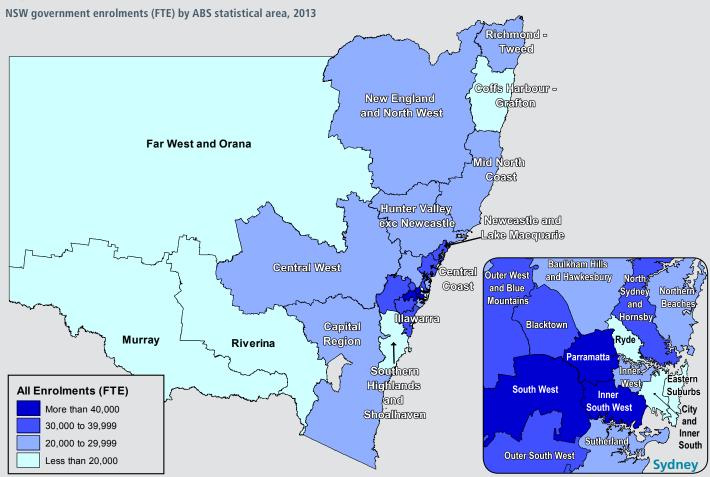
Table 2 shows enrolments by grade groups and ABS statistical area. As Map 1 illustrates, Sydney - Inner South West had the highest number of government school students in 2013, with

49,498.3 enrolments, which is 6.6 per cent of the state total. Enrolments in the fourteen Sydney statistical areas account for more than 56 per cent of NSW's total enrolments.

All Sydney statistical areas experienced an increase in enrolments in 2013. Sydney - North Sydney and Hornsby saw the largest growth in student numbers with increases of over 1,100 enrolments between 2012 and 2013. The majority of the increase was in primary enrolments.

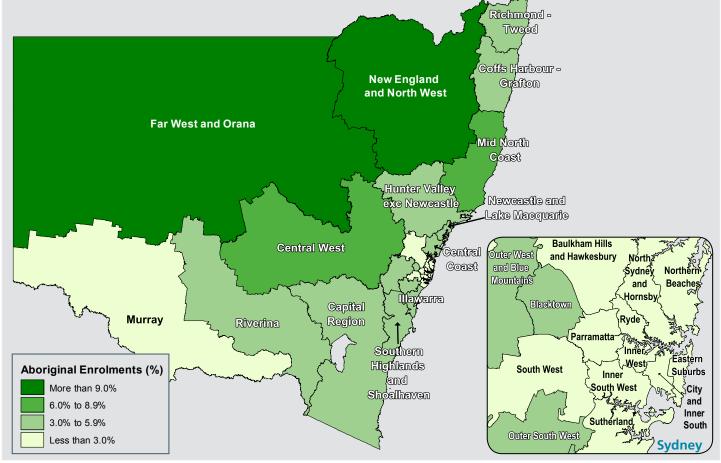
The Mid-North Coast experienced the largest decline in 2013, down by 278.3 enrolments, with secondary enrolments accounting for the entire decrease. Apart from the statistical areas of Central West, Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle, Newcastle and Lake Macquarie and Riverina, all non-Sydney statistical areas showed a decrease in enrolments.

#### Map 1



#### Map 2

Percentage of NSW government Aboriginal enrolments (FTE) by ABS statistical area, 2013



#### Table 3

Enrolments (FTE) of Aboriginal students by ABS statistical area and grade groups in NSW government schools, mid-year 2013

Statistical Area 4	К-2	Yr3-6	Primary Total	Yr7-10	Yr11-12	Secondary Total	Statistical Area Total	% of NSW
Syd - Baulkham Hills and Hawkesbury	70	95	165	120	31.1	151.1	319.1	0.6%
Syd - Blacktown	724	836	1,560	662	175.9	837.9	2,462.9	5.0%
Syd - City and Inner South	169	193	362	132	49.9	181.9	563.9	1.1%
Syd - Eastern Suburbs	91	119	210	141	40.8	181.8	394.8	0.8%
Syd - Inner South West	175	195	370	148	63.0	211.0	596.0	1.2%
Syd - Inner West	90	90	180	117	26.2	143.2	330.2	0.7%
Syd - North Sydney and Hornsby	36	42	78	18	10.6	28.6	114.6	0.2%
Syd - Northern Beaches	31	42	73	53	10.0	63.0	139.0	0.3%
Syd - Outer South West	600	672	1,272	614	157.8	771.8	2,119.8	4.3%
Syd - Outer West and Blue Mountains	604	737	1,341	680	179.0	859.0	2,247.0	4.6%
Syd - Parramatta	154	182	336	123	41.7	164.7	541.7	1.1%
Syd - Ryde	23	24	47	30	7.0	37.0	84.0	0.2%
Syd - South West	301	352	653	320	93.6	413.6	1,078.6	2.2%
Syd - Sutherland	89	117	206	124	42.0	166.0	376.0	0.8%
Sydney Total	3,157	3,696	6,853	3,282	928.6	4,210.6	11,367.6	23.1%
Capital Region	479	605	1,084	612	127.3	739.3	1,828.3	3.7%
Central Coast	716	892	1,608	855	268.6	1,123.6	2,803.6	5.7%
Central West	841	1,007	1,848	977	262.4	1,239.4	3,109.4	6.3%
Coffs Harbour - Grafton	517	593	1,110	646	158.4	804.4	1,941.4	3.9%
Far West and Orana	1,388	1,669	3,057	1,704	440.8	2,144.8	5,234.8	10.6%
Hunter Valley exc Newcastle	800	1,009	1,809	833	204.6	1,037.6	2,856.6	5.8%
Illawarra	517	650	1,167	606	175.0	781.0	1,961.0	4.0%
Mid North Coast	843	1,031	1,874	1,016	288.0	1,304.0	3,178.0	6.4%
Murray	273	327	600	289	63.8	352.8	961.8	2.0%
New England and North West	1,402	1,463	2,865	1,500	377.6	1,877.6	4,782.6	9.7%
Newcastle and Lake Macquarie	726	939	1,665	928	238.1	1,166.1	2,866.1	5.8%
Richmond - Tweed	671	862	1,533	894	294.2	1,188.2	2,732.2	5.5%
Riverina	598	657	1,255	679	154.0	833.0	2,131.0	4.3%
Southern Highlands and Shoalhaven	421	502	923	491	123.0	614.0	1,554.0	3.2%
Rest of NSW	10,192	12,206	22,398	12,030	3,175.8	15,205.8	37,940.8	76.9%
NSW	13,349	15,902	29,251	15,312	4,104.4	19,416.4	49,308.4	100%
As percentage of grade group	6.6%	6.5%	6.5%	7.1%	4.7%	6.4%	6.5%	

Notes:

• Students in Distance Education and Opportunity Classes (OC) are included with their appropriate grade levels.

• 2013 represents a transition year from the DEC regional structure to the new principal networks. From 2013 onwards aggregate geographical data will be reported by ABS statistical area 4.

• Primary support students are included in Year 3 to 6. Secondary support students are included in Year 7 to 10.

• There were 641 Aboriginal students enrolled in SSP's, representing 12.7% of total SSP enrolments. This figure is not broken down into ABS statistical area 4.

#### Aboriginal enrolments (FTE)

Table 3 shows enrolments of Aboriginal students by grade groups and ABS statistical area, while Map 2 illustrates the percentage distribution of Aboriginal enrolments across NSW by statistical area. Map 2 shows that Far West and Orana had the highest Aboriginal enrolments at 10.6 per cent of the total NSW Aboriginal enrolments, while 9.7 per cent of Aboriginal students were enrolled in New England and North West.

The fourteen Sydney statistical areas account for just over 23 per cent of total NSW Aboriginal enrolments.

Sydney - Outer West and Blue Mountains and Sydney - Other South West have the highest Aboriginal enrolments out of the Sydney statistical areas, 4.6 per cent and 4.3 per cent respectively. In contrast, Sydney - North Sydney and Hornsby, Sydney - Northern Beaches and Sydney - Ryde all had less than 0.4 per cent of NSW Aboriginal enrolments.

Enrolments of Aboriginal students have increased by 2,221.6 from 47,086.8 in 2012 to 49,308.4 in 2013. The Hunter Valley excluding Newcastle saw the largest increase of 241.4 students, from 2,615.2 in 2012 to 2,856.6 in 2013.

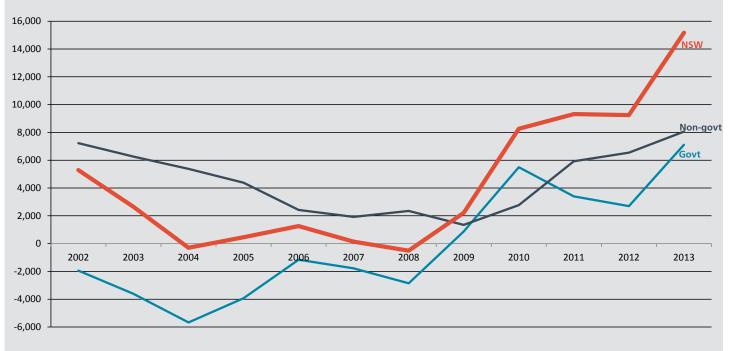
### Growth in enrolments (FTE) at government and non-government schools

Figure 2 shows the growth in enrolments of government and non-government schools from 2003. Along with parental choice in selecting non-government education, school enrolment growth can also be affected by the base school population, the changing legal and policy framework in NSW and the ability of schools to respond to demographic changes. As shown in Figure 2, government enrolment growth has been lower each year than the enrolment growth of nongovernment schools. The one exception was in 2010 when government enrolment increased by 5,494, almost double the non-government increase of 2,767 enrolments.

In 2013, total NSW school enrolments increased sharply by 15,169 enrolments from 2012. Government schools contributed almost half the increase of NSW school enrolments, 7,112, while non-government schools increased by 8,057.

#### Figure 2

K-12 student enrolment (FTE) growth in NSW government and non-government schools, 2003-2013





#### Government enrolment share (FTE)

Table 5 shows the enrolment share for students at government and non-government schools in NSW. Although the increase in total enrolments at NSW government schools in 2013 was the highest over the last two decades, overall government enrolment share still declined by 0.3 percentage points, from 65.7 per cent in 2012 to 65.4 per cent in 2013. This is due to the larger enrolment growth in non-government schools than government schools.

Since 2003, total government enrolment share fell on average around 0.2 percentage points each year, except in 2010 when enrolment share remained unchanged at 66.2 per cent. This was due to the enrolment growth of government schools outpacing enrolment growth of non-government schools in 2010 as shown in Figure 2. But from 2010 onwards the enrolment share resumed its long-term downward trend.

Figure 4 shows NSW government enrolment share by education level. Primary enrolment share has remained constant since 2008 and is generally 7 to 8 percentage points higher than secondary enrolment share. However within primary education, the Kindergarten to Year 2 and Year 3 to Year 6 enrolment share in 2013 continued the diverging trend first observed in 2006. Kindergarten to Year 2 enrolment share rose from 70.1 per cent in 2012 to 70.2 per cent in 2013, while Year 3 to Year 6 declined from 68.8 per cent in 2012 to 68.6 per cent in 2013.

The 2013 secondary enrolment share continues its long-term decline, falling by 0.6 percentage points from 61.1 per cent in 2012 to 60.5 per cent in 2013. Junior secondary contributed most to the decrease in secondary enrolment share, declining by 0.7 percentage points in 2013 while senior secondary declined by 0.3 percentage points.

#### Table 5

Enrolments (FTE) in NSW government and non-government schools, 1901-2013

Veer	Government		Non-Gover	nment	<b>-</b>	
Year	Enrolments	Share	Enrolments	Share	Total	
1901	210,588	77.6%	60,837	22.4%	271,425	
1911	221,810	78.3%	61,550	21.7%	283,360	
1921	315,228	80.1%	78,460	19.9%	393,688	
1931	387,881	80.8%	92,285	19.2%	480,166	
1941	337,073	76.2%	105,319	23.8%	442,392	
1951	405,906	75.3%	133,019	24.7%	538,925	
1961	610,883	75.2%	201,147	24.8%	812,030	
1971	771,713	77.6%	222,195	22.4%	993,908	
1981	790,575	76.9%	237,853	23.1%	1,028,428	
1986	755,257	73.6%	270,745	26.4%	1,026,011	
1991	746,417	72.0%	290,896	28.0%	1,037,313	
1996	761,037	71.4%	305,383	28.6%	1,066,420	
2002	754,800	68.2%	351,455	31.8%	1,106,255	
2003	751,185	67.7%	357,716	32.3%	1,108,901	
2004	745,508	67.2%	363,090	32.8%	1,108,598	
2005	741,578	66.9%	367,476	33.1%	1,109,054	
2006	740,415	66.7%	369,902	33.3%	1,110,317	
2007	738,636	66.5%	371,822	33.5%	1,110,458	
2008	735,779	66.3%	374,171	33.7%	1,109,950	
2009	736,647	66.2%	375,522	33.8%	1,112,169	
2010	742,141	66.2%	378,289	33.8%	1,120,430	
2011	745,540	66.0%	384,209	34.0%	1,129,749	
2012	748,234	65.7%	390,756	34.3%	1,138,990	
2013	755,346	65.4%	398,813	34.6%	1,154,159	

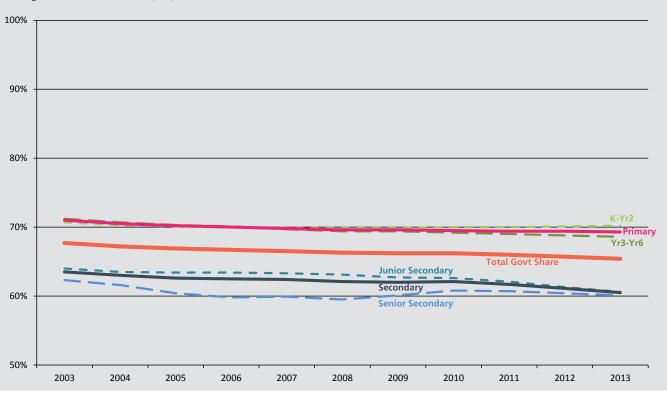
**Source:** Australian Bureau of Statistics, Schools Australia 2013; Table 43a. **Notes:** 

• Government and non-government school data for 1901-1961 include students in ACT schools.

• From 1993 the table includes full-time and part-time students, reported in full-time equivalent units (FTEs).



NSW government enrolments (FTE) share, 2002-2013



#### Table 4

Apparent retention in NSW government schools, 2003-2013

Year	Y	ears 7-1	0	Y	ea <mark>rs 7-1</mark> 1		Ye	ears 7-12	2	Ye	ars 10-1	1	Ye	ars 10-1	2
rear	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
2003	95.8	96.3	96.0	75.2	84.6	79.8	61.7	71.9	66.7	78.8	87.7	83.2	64.8	75.2	69.9
2004	94.7	96.0	95.4	74.3	83.7	78.9	61.9	73.4	67.5	77.5	87.0	82.2	64.9	76.1	70.4
2005	94.8	95.4	95.1	72.5	83.2	77.7	61.5	73.0	67.2	76.5	86.6	81.4	64.2	75.9	69.9
2006	95.2	95.8	95.5	73.1	83.1	78.0	60.5	72.5	66.4	77.1	87.1	82.0	63.9	75.5	69.6
2007	96.0	96.6	96.3	73.9	83.8	78.7	60.0	71.5	65.7	77.6	87.5	82.4	63.3	75.0	69.1
2008	96.6	96.6	96.6	73.9	84.0	78.8	60.3	72.0	66.0	77.0	86.9	81.9	63.3	75.2	69.1
2009	95.6	97.4	96.5	77.3	85.1	81.1	61.5	73.9	67.6	80.0	88.1	84.0	64.1	76.5	70.2
2010	99.4	100.2	99.8	81.1	89.7	85.3	64.9	74.8	69.7	84.8	92.2	88.4	67.1	77.4	72.2
2011	102.2	102.4	102.3	83.3	91.3	87.2	66.1	77.6	71.7	83.7	91.1	87.3	69.1	79.7	74.3
2012	101.4	102.8	102.1	86.1	93.3	89.6	66.9	77.4	72.0	84.3	91.0	87.6	67.3	77.3	72.2
2013	102.0	102.1	102.0	88.1	94.6	91.3	69.0	79.7	74.3	86.9	92.0	89.4	67.6	77.8	72.6

#### Notes:

• All enrolments are reported in full-time equivalent units (FTEs), and include full-time and part-time students. Students enrolled in distance education classes are included with their appropriate grade levels.

• See explanatory note 2.

#### Apparent retention rate

Apparent retention measures the proportion of students who remain at school through to Year 10, 11 or 12 and is one measure of students' engagement with education. Retention is affected by legal and policy changes such as the new school leaving age legislation.

Table 4 and Figure 3 show that all apparent retention rates increased or were unchanged in 2013 apart from Year 7 to Year 10.

The apparent retention rate from Year 7 to Year 12 rose by 2.3 percentage points, from 72.0 per cent in 2012 to 74.3 per cent in 2013. The 2013 rate is over 6 percentage points higher than the period 2003 to 2009, before the implementation of the new school leaving age legislation.

The apparent retention rate from Year 10 to Year 12 increased by 0.4 percentage points from 72.2 per cent in 2012 to 72.6

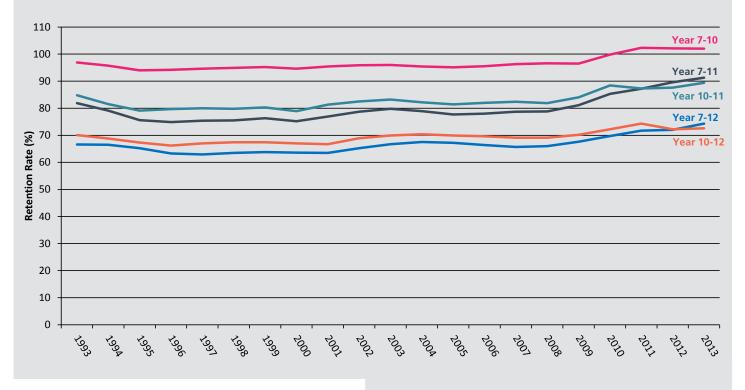
per cent in 2013. The 2013 rate remains higher than in 2008 (69.1 per cent) before the implementation of the new school leaving age legislation but lower than the highest rate of the last two decades, 74.3 per cent in 2011.

In 2013 the apparent retention rate from Year 7 to Year 11 continued its upward trend, increasing by 1.7 percentage points from 89.6 per cent in 2012 to 91.3 per cent in 2013. Since 2008, the rate has increased by 12.5 percentage points, with 2013 being the first time that the rate has risen above 90.0 per cent.

By gender, the apparent retention rates of girls and boys show a significant difference in Year 7 to Year 12 and Year 10 to Year 12. Girls are significantly more likely to remain at school until Year 12 than boys, with apparent retention rates for girls over 10 percentage points higher than for boys.



#### Figure 3 Apparent retention (%) in NSW government schools, 1993-2013



#### Government and non-government schools

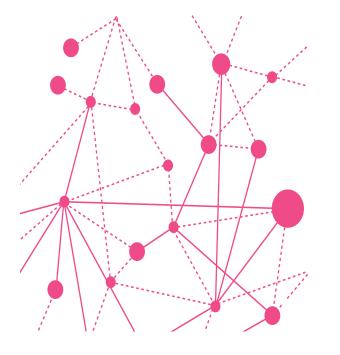
Table 6 shows the number of government and nongovernment schools offering primary and secondary education. The number of non-government schools offering primary education has remained stable in 2013, while schools offering secondary education increased by one in 2013. For government schools, the number of schools offering primary education decreased by five from 1,689 in 2012 to 1,684 in 2013, while schools offering secondary education was unchanged.



Number of schools offering primary and secondary education by sector, 2003-2013

Year	Gover	rnment	Non-Go	vernment
rear	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary
2003	1,715	432	726	357
2004	1,718	434	730	359
2005	1,718	435	728	370
2006	1,711	437	728	372
2007	1,709	435	728	383
2008	1,708	435	729	384
2009	1,700	436	727	383
2010	1,696	436	730	382
2011	1,697	436	728	388
2012	1,689	436	727	382
2013	1,684	436	727	383

Source:Australian Bureau of Statistics, Schools Australia 2013; Table 35a.Notes:Combined/central schools which have both K-6 and Yr7-10<br/>enrolments are included in both primary and secondary schools<br/>count.



#### Government preschool

Enrolments in government preschools increased slightly from 4,424 in 2012 to 4,433 in 2013. FTE enrolments fell by 89.6 (3.6 percentage points) from 2,460.7 in 2012 to 2,371.1 in 2013.

Aboriginal preschool enrolments have fallen by 44 students (7.3 percentage points), from 599 in 2012 to 555 in 2013. FTE enrolments also fell in 2013 by 52.9, with the percentage of Aboriginal FTE enrolments as a total of all preschool FTE enrolments declining by 1.6 percentage points from 15.4 per cent in 2012 to 13.8 per cent in 2013.

#### Early intervention preschool children

Children enrolled in an early intervention class at a NSW government school were included in the government school census for the first time in 2012. Early Intervention classes provide early childhood education in a preschool setting for children with a disability.

Enrolments in early intervention classes fell by 59 students from 743 in 2012 to 684 in 2013.

#### Table 7

Students in government preschools, head count and full-time equivalence (FTE), 2002-2013

Year	All Stu	dents	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Students				
Tear	Students	FTE	Students	FTE	% of Total FTE		
2002	3,902	2,271.4	362	235.0	10.3%		
2003	3,784	2,164.9	348	218.5	10.1%		
2004	3,770	2,203.0	284	196.5	8.9%		
2005	4,307	2,481.6	434	275.4	11.1%		
2006	4,273	2,444.7	422	275.2	11.3%		
2007	4,239	2,422.6	404	262.3	10.8%		
2008	4,285	2,516.9	409	269.5	10.7%		
2009	4,291	2,455.5	491	317.7	12.9%		
2010	4,325	2,498.6	493	315.1	12.6%		
2011	4,416	2,484.9	507	328.7	13.2%		
2012	4,424	2,460.7	599	379.9	15.4%		
2013	4,433	2,371.1	555	327.0	13.8%		

#### Table 8

Students in government early intervention programs, head count and full-time equivalence (FTE), 2013

Year	All Students		Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Students		
	Students	FTE	Students	FTE	% of Total FTE
2012	743	151.9	68	13.0	8.6%
2013	684	147.7	76	14.8	10.0%



#### **Explanatory Notes:**

#### 1. Mid-year census

The Census is used for state and federal planning and accountability, including reporting requirements under the NSW Education Act 1990 and the National Education Agreement 2012. Data contribute to the National School Statistics Collection (NSSC) which is collated by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) from state and territory student, school and staffing data. Preschool data contribute to the ABS Early Childhood Education and Care (ECEC) collection.

#### 2. Apparent retention rates

Retention rates are 'apparent' as they do not track individual students through their final years of secondary schooling. What they measure is the ratio of the total number of full-time school students in a designated year (e.g. Year 12 in 2013) divided by the total number of full-time students in a previous year (e.g. Year 7 in 2008). This would be the Year 7 to 12 apparent retention rate in 2013.

Care should be taken in the interpretation of apparent retention rates, which can exceed 100%, because the method of calculation does not take into account a range of factors such as migration, interstate movements of students, transfers to and from non-government schools, part-time schooling, students repeating a year of schooling, or students pursuing other education and training pathways.

#### **Further Information:**

Each year the Australian Bureau of Statistics releases full publications and datacubes of government and non-government school enrolments for all states and territories.

www.abs.gov.au

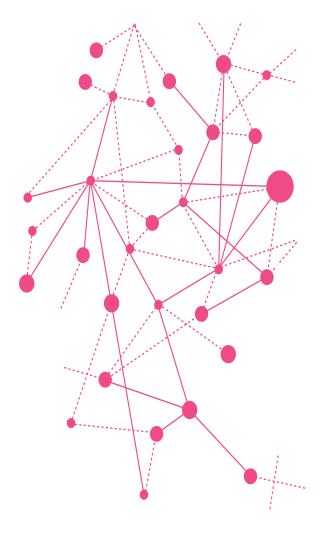
ABS publication details:

- 4221.0 Schools Australia, 2013
- 4240.0 Preschool Education Australia, 2013

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